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NEW SOUTH WALES.
NEW ENGLAND.—Good station, 20,000 acres, goodly situated, abundance of grass and water, 6000 head.

NEW ENGLAND.—First-class station, 1300 head and 2000 sheep, well watered, improvements in complete.

NEW ENGLAND.—Good station, large capacity, with 1000 sheep and 2000 cotts.

NEW ENGLAND.—Comfortable station, with cattle sheep, lightly stocked.

CLARENCE.—Most comfortable station, lightly stocked with sheep and cattle.

MACLEAY.—Compact cattle station, good country, a distance from markets.

GWYDIR.—Seven blocks finest sheep country in colony, 20,000 sheep.

GWYDIR.—Six blocks very superior country, close to Wea Waa, 20,000 sheep.

BLUSH.—Small property, with 8000 sheep, in good condition.

BILGH.—Sug little station, well improved, with 54 sheep.

BILGH.—Sug splendidly situated fattening station, 10,000 sheep, mated for cote or sheep.

WELLINGTON.—Sug sheep station, extensive country with only 9000 sheep.

WELLINGTON.—Sug station, sufficient sheep stations, immense capabilities, extensive improvements, with 15,000 sheep.

WELLINGTON.—Capital change for a beginner, 2 square miles good country, 2400 sheep.

WELLINGTON.—Sug station, extensive improvements in North Wales for fattening, 2000 head sheep.

LACHLAN.—Excellent station, with 25,000 sheep, one of the best runs in the northern district.

LACHLAN.—Sug station, with 8000 sheep and 2000 head cattle.

LACHLAN.—Magnificent and extensive cattle station, with 10,000 head cattle, with 5000 head cattle.

WARRIGO.—Cattle station, very lightly stocked, on a large tract of land, with 1200 head cattle.

WARRIGO.—Sug station, suitable for sheep.

WARRIGO.—Sug station, with 8000 sheep and 2000 head cattle.

WARRIGO.—The finest, most extensive, and complete station in the colony, abundantly watered, 23,000 sheep, 2000 head cattle.

DIS. REF 10,000 head cattle, capacities at least four times
 head. — **QUEENSLAND.**
WARRIGO.—Two blocks unstocked country, suitable
 cattle or sheep.
DARLING DOWNS.—Three blocks, with 13,000 shc
 400 cattle.
KENNEDY.—Two large blocks, well watered, with 61
 head.
KENNEDY.—Eight blocks country, near shipping p
 with 17,000 shc, 600 head cattle.
BURNETT.—Well improved station near Maryborou
 with 10,000 shc.
BURNETT.—Capital station, favourably situated,
 16,000 shc.
MARANO.—Fertile sheep station, lightly stock
 with 4,000 sheep.
MARANO.—Extensive and well-watered station
 suitable for a beginner, with 7000 shc.
LEITCH.—Large station, with carrying capaci
 near Rockhampton, with 15,000 shc.
LEITCHHARDT.—Large and valuable station, near Ro
 with 20,000 shc.
WARRIGO.—Well-watered and extensive ran, 14 bloc
 with 3,000 head cattle.

WARRIGO—Most compact property, 3 blocks, per
nately watered, with 1600 head cattle—well suited
sheep.

WARRIGO—A similar station to the above, 5 bloc
with 1600 head cattle.

WARRIGO—This block (this favourite district, 4 m
blocks, 2000 head cattle.

WARRIGO—Immense tract of country, 12 large bloc
of unequalled pastures, with 18,000 sheep, and 2
cattle.

NEW BEGINNERS.—All sorts of properties for SAI
with small number of sheep or cattle.

STORE CATTLE. STORE CATTLE

1600—1 to 7, Moseley
1000—2 to 6, Marano
500—2 to 6, Darling Downs
1600—2 to 7, New England.

HARRISON and JONES, Sydney

STORE SHEEP. STORE SHEEP

10,000 ditto, Darling Downs
10,000 ditto, Marano
8,000 ditto, ditto

10,000 ewes, 14 to 6, Roma
5,000 ewes, 14 to 6, Maiden, Roma
4,000 weaners, equal acres, Darling Downs
8,000 ewes, 14 to 6, ditto.

HARRISON and JONES, Sydney

EXTENSIVE SALE
OF VALUABLE TOWN AND SUBURBAN
PROPERTIES,
situated at
ARMIDALE AND NUNDELL.

HARRISON and JONES have been requested by
proprietor, William M'Ilven, Esq., to offer for PR
VATE SALE his valuable lots of LAND, together w
all its improvements thereon.

For particulars see Herald of Saturday, 23rd Novem
ber.

Terms.—One-fourth cash, residue at 6, 9, and 12 month
with interest at 5 per cent.

Full particulars may be had on application to
HARRISON and JONES, Sydney.
WOLFE and JONES, West Australia.
WILLIAM M'ILVEN, Armidale.

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FAIRBANKS STORE CATTLE—For sale, 1600 mixed stags, new travelling southward from Quanaid, via Walcott and the Darling. Apply to MORT CO.

STORE WETHERS, 60,000 on beat Darling Downs station.

Mutton and Breeding Ewes, 40,000 ditto ditto. Will be sold at very moderate prices, if closed for sale.

Apply to **HENRY BEIT, 5, Wynyard-street.**

STATIONS for SALE—Sheep and Cattle—in Queensland and New South Wales, of large and small estates, offering unprecedented opportunities to capitalists and so beginners.

Particulars on application to **HENRY BEIT, 5, Wynyard-street.**

STORE CATTLE, superior lots on the Glare, Aubrey, Burnett, &c. Ballocks, and equal cases. Apply to **HENRY BEIT, 5, Wynyard-street.**

SHEEP AND CATTLE STATIONS—**QUEENSLAND.**

The undersigned have for SALE, by private contract, the following **LANDS**, situate in the District of Mores known as

FASSIFERN, MOOGERAH, and TAROOM, having an estimated area of 1500 square miles, and described as follows:—**1.** A large tract of open commons, which are extensive and valuable, are situated on about 2000 Acres Purchased Land.

With the above will be sold

6000 head of Cattle
330 ditto good Horses.

The Runns are abundantly grazed and watered; being so near the main highway market for stock. At present they are not half-stocked.

The above will be disposed of separately or in one. For further particulars apply to

MR. J. W. TURNER, R. Pitt-st.

FOR SALE, BY PRIVATE CONTRACT, THE WELL-KNOWN NARRANGURRI ESTATE, comprising 10,000 acres of purchased land having a frontage of seven miles to the Murrumbidgee River, at short distance of YASS.

Full particulars may be obtained on application to

IRWIN and TURNER, R. Pitt-st., Ball's chambers, 1

street.

SPLENDID PASTORAL INVESTMENT.

BARCOO.

MITCHELL DISTRICT,

QUEENSLAND.

Those really first-class Runa, known as
FOREST HILL, CRESSWELL CRAYS, and
DULWICH SOUTH,
together with
16,042 **BEST-CLASS SHEEP.**

For Sale by Private Contract.

IRWIN and TURNER, 171, Bell-chambers, F
street.

L EICHAARDT DISTRICT, QUEENSLAND.—F
or SALE, the TYRRINA VALE STATI
distant eighty miles from Rockhampton. Grazing ca
pacity, 30,000 oxen; good improvements—well set
will be sold, 7000 first-class SHEEP; warranted sou
This season's lambing fine in.

FOR PRIVATE SALE
THE MARLBOROUGH STATION,
 65 miles from Rockhampton, 200 square miles
 SUPERIOR PATTERNING, CONEY, with
 QUIET WELL-BRED CATTLE, GRAZING C-
 BILITIES estimated at 7000 cattle or 25,000 sheep.
 Squatters' farms, are very complete, NEW and ST-
 ANTIAL.
 Either the whole or a MANAGING SHARE, will
 sold on liberal terms.
 For further particulars, apply to
BREWSTER and TREBCK,
 Stock and Station Agents, Squatters' Exchange, Syd-
 ney.

800 HEAD first-class breeding COWS for SALE
 2 to 3 years old, deliverable at Ranger's Va New
 England, on the 1st of March, 1877. Inbuds con-
 had with the ABOVE DAIRY. For price, terms,
 apply to THOMAS FAWCEN, Auctioneer and C-
 Feleman, 424, George-street, Sydney.

[illegible]

THE SUNDAY MORNING HERALD.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1867.

The lunacy case in the matter of MACKENZIE BOWMAN being an appeal from the decision of the Primary Judge, in a case of great interest.

By Sir A. STEPHEN, Mr. Justice HARRIS, and Mr. Justice SMITH, who have heard the evidence and taken different views, and the impression left by their judgment is very painful. It is a sorrowful thing for the colony that it so frequently happens that the Judges are not in unison—that they disagree not only in the law itself—not only in the weight which they attach to particular facts, but in the relevance of those facts to the law which they lay down. Thus it appears that suitors who are unsuccessful are tempted to venture again, or are at all events dissatisfied with the decision they receive.

The lunatic in this case, a Mr. BOWMAN, is a gentleman of fortune, allowed by the Equity Court £1000 a year for his maintenance, £2200 of which was paid to his doctor, and £500 to his keeper, and the remainder to the lady in whose charge he was placed.

Mrs. ALFRED STEPHEN and Mr. Justice HARRIS, without absolutely discharging Mrs. STEPHEN of all blame, so diminished the force of the statements against her as to leave the impression that, upon the whole, the lunatic might be safer in her hands than in the hands of his brothers who have applied for his custody.

The views, however, of Mr. Justice HARRIS, of the conduct of Mrs. SMITH, are expressed in terms of the strongest reprobation. He seems to have considered the treatment of the lunatic to have been negligent, transomious, and degrading. He even qualifies part of this conduct as "wicked," and considers that if Mrs. SMITH is to be continued in charge, it should be only under the strictest watchfulness of a responsible party, and in view of satisfying the preference of the lunatic himself, who seems to be attached to her family of his keepers.

It is not our intention to go into the merits of this long history so fully laid open by the judgment. That which strikes us as of great public interest is the statement of Mr. HARRIS affecting the original appointment of this lady, which he expresses in the following terms:

"And, thirdly, that from the first removal of Mr. BOWMAN from Mr. HART's office, in 1858, to the time when Mrs. SMITH, as detailed in the evidence of Mr. McCULLOCH, came to the institution of lunatics, she had been before me as Primary Judge, and Mrs. Smith's attorney and professional adviser."

Now, Mr. Henry Milford, a son of one of the judges of this Supreme Court, whose order originally handed over Mrs. Bowman into Mrs. Smith's power."

What is the implication of this passage? To what does it point? What does it intend to convey? Mrs. SMITH has the custody of Mr. BOWMAN, and is represented to have appropriated the greater part of the money allowed to her own use; Mr. MILFORD is said to have been the legal adviser of Mrs. SMITH; Mr. MILFORD is also said to be the son of Mr. Justice Milford. It is further stated that no order placing Mr. BOWMAN in the hands of Mrs. SMITH was issued by Judge MILFORD.

attorney. If this passage, which forms a prominent part of the judgment, and is put forward in a manner to make it a great feature in the case, means anything, it certainly does imply that the family influence of the attorney upon the Judge was in some way or other connected with the transfer of Mr. BOWMAN to the custody of the Judge's son. It is a matter of the first importance to the confidence of the people in our Courts that the Judges should be free from the slightest taint of personal interest or corruption. If the relation of the parties was such as to involve a fair reflection like this upon the Judges in this passage the prevention of such abuses ought not to be left as a matter of fact, but to be made a matter of legislative correction. We do not profess to understand law sufficiently to know whether a sinister direction of domestic influence can be fairly inferred, and whether Mr. Justice HARGREAVE is acting a patriotic part in calling attention to the fact as a warning against judicial corruption; if so he has rendered a great service. But it must be recollected that it is one of the most damaging imputations ever cast upon a Judge of this colony. Mr. Justice MILFORD was Primary Judge at the time. He was the immediate authority in all matters relating to the custody and protection of lunatics. The abuse and wrong, if such existed, must therefore have been by his visitation and correction; but from the language of Mr. Justice HARGREAVE there is reason to fear that the private interests of the parties exposed the lunatic to be a helpless and unprotected victim.

The next point which seems to claim public attention is the difference in the law as laid down on this appeal. It is admitted by all the Judges that, according to the present law, no expressed remuneration can be given to a person exercising the office of guardian to an immediate guardian. But the views of the Judges have arrived at the conclusion on that this does not preclude the possibility of money by such persons for their own benefit, which may be placed in their hands for the performance of duties which are transferred to them. It is said that it is unreasonable to suppose that the care and attention required can be given out in prospect of some reward. It is alleged that this reward is to be found in the advantage which accrues in managing the lunatic and dealing with the provision made for his maintenance. By Mr. Justice HARGREAVE it is denied that any such reward can be suffered. Cases are produced in which the highest judicial authorities have stated both these views; one declaring that it is unreasonable to suppose that guardians are not to be paid, and all agreeing that no "account" can be required of the manner in which they spend the money with view to its being refunded. This is in our opinion a very important point, because it is perfectly certain that, excepting under the influence of the strongest affection, no one could charge himself with the care of a lunatic over whom it was necessary to watch incessantly and whose habits might render him peculiarly offensive, except in view of adequate advantage. If the law says this must not be, and the practice, nevertheless, in view of a necessity which cannot be avoided, is to wink at this appropriation, then it is scarce, and the sooner the law is amended the better. What misery would have been often avoided if the Court had given to the parties in charge of lunatics a fixed amount in payment of their expenses incurred. The production of a number of accounts, and the reference to others which are declared by Mr. Justice HARGREAVE to be mythical and even grossly fraudulent, show the absurdity of leaving these matters to the absolute discretion of any guardian. In paying for the maintenance of lunatics who possess large property, it is right that an extremely liberal remuneration should be given. To measure it by the separate cost of a sane gentleman is absurd. Who would expect such a charge on any such terms? While there are many lunatics that are past all medical aid, there are many others whose disease is as much amenable to treatment as any to which humanity is heir, and their accustomed attendance and surroundings constitute one important facility of cure. No function of a Court of Equity can be of greater moment than the exercise of a most rigorous control over all those who have the charge of wards. The Court is in the place of natural protectors, and is bound to see that they have the full benefit of all those means provided by parents of whose affection death has deprived them.

It is highly repulsive to a great and inventive people like the Americans to follow the leadings of the nations of Europe. In government, war, industry, colonisation, religion, they are proud of their freedom and independence, they claim in these matters to be leaders, not followers. In the matter of dress, however, the Great Western Republic suffers herself to be led in the most abject servility at the chariot wheels of the inventors of demi-tupes, and is frequently portrayed by the *Saturday Review*, the *Lorettes* and *Mantuaqueens of Longchamps* in Paris. The women of America, with the spirit to be expected from personages who are real motive powers of the recent sanguinary reformation, renounce the yoke that has galled their necks these years past, and determine to sail up Broadway of New York under Parisian colours no longer! The move is a bold one. I doubt whether our fair countrywomen of England would be equal to it; but then London is only ten hours' distance from Paris. The achievement of the independence of the United States from Great Britain was scarcely a deed requiring more nerve and determination. But these qualities, especially the American ladies—who were going to say women, but there are no women in America; and we do not, therefore, suppose that they will fall in the one case any more than they did in the other. In the States, we have noticed a great many meetings, and a great deal of agitation concerning the regulation of customs pertaining to revenue and protection. We are now called upon to observe the result of a greater movement amongst the female portion of the population for the regulation of customs pertaining to dress. The female members of the American Society protest against the tyranny exercised by the milliners and mantua makers of France, and are reported to be taking measures to establish an American leadership of fashion.

It is difficult to predict what may be the result of so serious a declension. Will Paris brook and acknowledge the schism? Will she concur in the severance of so fair a portion of her domain? Will she allow of the mutilation of her sovereignty; of the limitation of her power; of the establishment of a revolted subject with a throne in the West? The consideration, too, of the effect which the existence of two empires of Fashion, each imperious in its demands, may have on the peace of the world—already France is said to have subjected to the modes of Paris the potentates of China and

elements of discord are called into play, how helplessly will the skein of mundane affairs soon tangle. Matters of taste are now referred to the decision of the Court of Paris, held at Longamps; but should the ladies of America proceed in establishing a Power that shall command equal respect, to what a miserable condition may we be reduced in determining which to obey—unless, indeed, we find cause from both. Two Powers, each claiming universal sway; two Courts, each claiming universal respect; two bodies of law each claiming universal obedience, would prove too much for the equanimity of any world. The peace and order of civilised society must disappear in the chaos of discord and gloom.

Under this condition of things we can scarcely hope to find any relief from the chains we are obliged to wear. If we are all toned down to a dead level of uniformity, under the rule of one tyrant, it can hardly be supposed that our individuality will have any better chance of asserting itself beneath the rule of another. Still, for the same reason that your naive Revolutionary always goes in for a change, as a temporary respite from a state of bondage that has become intolerable, and the chance of what may be better, we cannot but confess that we view the unfurling of American flag of fashion with something nearer to satisfaction. Our wives and daughters may, perhaps, get free from gorges, and sweeping trains, and the expensive frippery of even costume; and at the same time their dress may proclaim their freedom from the extremely tight trousers that now give them the appearance of stud grooms, the coat of infinite shortness, the ivory coloured knicks, and the aximilian hat, and choose a dress that would really be comfortable and becoming. The ladies might even come to wear their own hair, their complexion, and their own ears and bosoms; and under the directions of *The American Magazine of Fashion*, might—who can tell?—take pleasure in appearing in a Bloomer costume of coarse, or harmoniously coloured materials, and that that would really be a shade from the sun, they might even be induced to reason thus with themselves "Why should I attempt to dress like the Empress Eugénie? Are our situations and duties so much alike, that the style of dress which is convenient and becoming to her, is also equally convenient and becoming for me? Would it not be well that I should attempt to dress to suit my work, my appearance, and my circumstances? It is folly, for instance, to wear very elegant dresses in the street, and while my circumstances obliged me to use public conveyances it was ridiculous and indecent in me to wear crinolines. If my ankles are not very pretty my skirts may at all events be high enough to clear the mud without exhibiting them."

Some ladies who are disgusted with the extravagance of their servants, may, when released from the tyranny of Paris, be induced to reform their own fashion, in order that they may act upon the Servant mind, which is only to be approached in this way. What they wear their children will copy; and there is a class of manufacturers who, aware of this weakness, turn it to a source of gain, by producing the same patterns as attract "the quality" in manner of materials to suit the slender means of their dependants. There is no small triumph in overbarging a mistress by flouncing into the parlour with a dress of the same cut and pattern. The kitchen views the pluck with approving plaudits. It becomes a source of the greatest inconvenience and expense when the simple merchant's wife chooses to imitate the style and dress of the EMPRESS OF THE FRENCH. Not only is it unbecoming to her, and unfitting to her habits, but it induces the servants of her establishment to get into debt to keep pace with her, and to adopt a mode which actually obstructs them in the performance of their household duties. If she had sensible herself more in consonance with the requirements of domestic life, she could save herself much needless expenditure, and a world of vexation, and would be doing a service to those in all the ranks of life below her. For, be it observed, the mischief does not end with the housemaid and the cook. They try with them this vice of incongruity when they marry into the homes of their husbands, where, instead of dresses that can be often worn, they draggle out their days in garments at become a heavy tax upon the income, and an insufferable offence to the senses of the working man. If the revolt of the American ladies can relieve us from some of these absurd congruities, it will not have come too soon.

THE WEATHER.—The weather during the past few days has been exceedingly changeable. On Christmas Day there was a severe frost; on the following morning a strong wind set in blowing from the north-east, and the day was cold; this had the effect of lowering the temperature considerably, but the clouds of dust which the wind occasioned, rendered it quite as disagreeable as the heat of the previous day was oppressive. In the afternoon the wind calmed down somewhat, and the nuisance occasioned by the dust was, in consequence, lessened. Yesterday morning the sky was clouded over, but the heat and closeness of the atmosphere were very great. In the afternoon a thunderstorm passed to the eastward of the city. Two or three light showers fell, there was nothing like a sufficient quantity of rain to be any permanent benefit.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.—An inquiry respecting the death of a woman named Maria Watson, was held before the City Coroner, yesterday. David Watson, the father of the deceased, died last October last, decreed was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour for being a profligate and incorrigible drunkard, a gross nuisance to his neighbours, and contributed death to long-continued disease of a variety, attributed by exposure and self-neglect. A verdict of "died from natural causes" was returned by the jury. An inquiry respecting the death of a man named Thomas Kendrick, was also held yesterday before the City Coroner, at his office. From the evidence appearing, it appeared that Kendrick, who was aged 60 years, had suffered from disease of the heart, ever since he was walking along George-street, he suddenly seized with illness; he caught hold of one of the pillars near the entrance of the Commercial Union Bank to the ground. Mr. McEvoy ran to his assistance. Kendrick expired almost immediately. He was taken up to the Infirmary by constables. Dr. Dillan, the medical officer, gave evidence that the cause of death was of opinion that death had resulted from disease of the heart, and that to that effect was returned by the jury.

ACCIDENT AT BARNON PARK.—On Thursday, December 1st, J. T. C. Jones, Esq., the efficient manager and post of superintendent of the Insurance Fire Brigade in this city, gave an entertainment to a large party of the citizens, and friends and employees of the Insurance Fire Brigade, at Barnon Park, the residence of Sir James Abernethy, Bart., for the purpose of procuring a departure for England. There were present Messrs. Sutherland, R. L. A., Alderman Murphy, Mr. Grier, Mr. W. H. M. O'Brien, and other members of the various Insurance companies, the members of the Fire Brigade and Salvage Brigade, together with a large body of Mr. Bowra's workmen. The guests, having concluded their dinner, proceeded to the concert, and after some time attached to Mr. Bowra's house, sat down to a very sumptuous dinner, to which full justice was done. At its conclusion, the members of the Fire Brigade, and the members of the Fire Brigade came forward and presented a beautifully illuminated address to Mr. Bowra, expressive of their sense of his worth as a kind and considerate employer, and a loyal friend to his native land, and the good of the public service of Mr. Bowra, and many warm wishes were expressed for the health, and the return of Mr. Bowra to his native land, and soon returned to live among us again. We are informed that the Insurance companies have also presented Mr. Bowra with a similar address, and that the result of the presentation, was that it was resolved by many of the influential persons present that that Mr. Bowra should not be allowed to leave the country without offering him a return entertainment, and that a committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

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GEOGRAPHIC MESSAGES.
[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.]

MAITLAND RACES.
DAY, THURSDAY.—Maiden Plate—Traverton, said of Hinton, 2. Christmas Box Stakes—Bulwer, 1; Emperor, 2. Prince of Wales Stakes—Lauristina, 1; Lauristina, 2; Tippoo bolted. Helter—Beeswing, 1; Pontey, 2.
SECOND DAY, FRIDAY.—Prince Alfred Stakes—Lauristina, 1; Traverton, 2. Hack Race—Miss L. 1; Iron Skurry—Traverton, 1; John Barry, forced Handicap—Maitland, 1; John Barry, 2.

BATHURST.
FRIDAY.
The cricket match, to-day, Bathurst scored 60 in second innings. The Aborigines scored 48, and the cricketers down. Bathurst team 66 ahead. Game resumed to-morrow, to be followed by athletic sports.

MELBOURNE.
FRIDAY.
INTERCOLONIAL CRICKET MATCH.
VICTORIA.
a, b, by Lawrence, b. Thompson 21
c, b, Caffyn, b. E. Gregory 11
y, st, by Lewis, b. Lawrence 8
c. Coates, b. Lawrence 0
son, c. Thompson, b. Hewitt 53
ell, c. Thompson, b. Caffyn 6
k, c. Hewitt, b. Caffyn 6
c. C. Gregory, b. Hewitt 23
os, run, 8
l, b. Hewitt 0
not out 1
Byes and wides 23
Total 263

NEW SOUTH WALES.
son, c. Gibson, b. Wills 36
an, b. Wills 13
l, b. Allen 4
gory, b. Allen 4
c, c. Kelly, b. Wills 1
not out 15
nce, not out 1
Byes, &c. 7
5 wickets for 86.
game was stopped at half-past 4 by the boia-
weather.

6 P.M.
e was an amateur performance at the Hay-
l, Sydney, E. Burke, Lord Newry, and the
of the Galathea. The audience was crowded.
new Japanese troupe are drawing crowded
at the Prince's.
Duke laid the foundation stone of the Colling-
Mechanics' Institute to-day.
hook is scratched for the Port Phillip Stakes;
rb is the favourite at 2 to 1.
an named Fairweather has been barbarously
fied at Keilor. The suspected person has been
d.
e was a tremendous tornado this afternoon.
nished walls of the city hall were blown
and the triumphal arches at the Prince's
South Yarra, and Elizabeth-street, were also
down; trees and verandahs were destroyed.
ollowed.
business doing; flour, £16 10s. to £17; wheat,
to 7s.
vino. —Galathea, from Newcastle; R. M. S.
ed, from Sydney.
ed.—King of Trumps, for London; St. Ber-
for Yokohama.

ADELAIDE.
THURSDAY.
mel Hamley, of the 60th Regiment, reports
advice of the present state of the Volunteer
Billerist, recently committed for forgery, has
released on bail, in four sureties of £1000 each.
ness is very quiet. No alteration in the corn
market.
iven.—Alexanders, and Claymores, from Mel-
bourne, very fine.

FRIDAY, 4 P.M.
ers. Barton and Hogarth, from the Legislative
Council, and Messrs. Carr, Cavanough, and Everard,
of the Adelaide, are assembling a Commission to
into the disease in the crops.
e was a tremendous storm from the Westward
morning. The Aldings was compelled to put
and land her Point Victor passengers. She
for Melbourne direct.
change in the corn market.

THE MURRAY.—The *Murula* correspondent
Burda offers the following suggestions as to
to the Murray of sandbanks:—"The gauge shows 3
to be ground upon the river. The water is ex-
posed; and yet vessels cannot now with more water
the trade. This has been occasioned by the nume-
sandbanks that have been formed during high water,
the result of the enormous silt which has adopted the
or attempting to clear, the whole bed of the
from gauge. To do this would be a work
time, and therefore only small portions
o effected during the few months of low
water, leaving other parts untouched. The bad policy of
to be fully proved by the effects of the late flood.
the portions thus cleared the sand was loosened, ex-
posed to the full power of the current, which has raised
these places and lodged it on the other parts which
have been ground upon. The water is higher now than
it has been for some time. The only real and effective
remedy has existed before. By attempting too much,
have been made worse, and by a continuance of
these will to the constant result, and the work
will be unaccomplished. The only real and effective
would be to confine operations to the
of a navigable channel in the centre of
the river, so that, after, so to remove
to the banks and burn them, useless labour, but
then on each side of the ship channel, to form an
to the debris brought down by the waters, and
be formed by forming banks that would confine the
water to a depth and breadth that would be
suitable navigable. To do this effectually and cheaply,
being the channel, should be made by the use of
floating piers to different parties. When once
with a few years attention during the dry seasons,
the navigable channel could be formed.
the river, to give the river the full
age of this magnificent river—nature's highway.
a subject that should be pressed upon
the immediate attention of the two Governments, and not
leave operations be frittered away by talking,
ineffective operations. It is a subject of importance to
the border districts, and all should co-operate in get-
ting the matter successfully carried out. The only real
distance, and with the same energy and zeal that has
contributed to the removal of the obnoxious Cas-
sations, that the full benefits upon the river
to the border should be gained by a river
navigable. After the channel has been
the best system probably would be to get the
beforehand, and then you will give to your volun-
r river under his charge, with power to hire men to
where obstructions have occurred, and guide the
the river, and the charge will be made by the
of this might be partially defrayed by pilot dues,
a few years would no doubt be self-supporting.
in now proposed has been proved by Europeans
to be fully answered, and has been largely adopted in
a. The Governments of both colonies might further
by grants of land to the different pilot stations.
the obstructions of the river, and the removal of
to the border lead to a better system, by inducing the
of the border districts to give to the subject
attention which its importance to themselves requires.

ADAMANT ACT.—The *Dorset* reports that on the
21st inst. a man was arrested at the residence of
an embankment to a man who was travelling on
the bank in company with his mate. Both men wore
long, and not being able to reach the shore, they
the bank, and were thrown from his horse,
lying insensible for three hours in the broiling
the two severe cuts on the head. His mate went up
and tried to raise him, but in doing so he was bitten
by the prostrate man, leaving his own horse to
about at will. Some good Samaritans ultimately
the wounded man to Albury Hospital, where his
condition is reported to be improving. It was noticed as
an extraordinary circumstance that all his money, if he had
as gone; and the conduct of his mate is regarded as
most mysterious. The names of both strangers in
and their names are unknown. The one who mist
his accident is reported to be getting better, but the
is still in danger.

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ALBERT CRICKET CLUB.—Non-players' Match fixed for this day, 7 O'CONNOR, until SATURDAY next. JOHN J. CALVERT, hon. Secretary.

AUSTRALIAN PERMANENT BUILDING AND PAYMENTS' FUND SOCIETY.—NOTICE.—The AGENTS' MEETING (for December) will be due on MONDAY next, at 3.30th instant.

By order of the Board,
W. H. DELOITTE, Secretary.

129, King-street, 27th December, 1887.

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.—GURNG-LEAP AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—Local branch of the Queensland Treasury Bills and Debentures are hereby for sale at 100 per cent interest. Use on 1st proximo will be payable on, and after that date, at the Union Bank of Australia.

JOHN F. McMULLEN,
Inspector and General Manager.
Sydney, 27th December, 1887.

The Party who took the UMBRELLA out of the "Double Day" Bus on Monday evening—please return it to the Coach and Horse at Half-past-6, and use on 1st proximo.

FOR SALE, COW and Calf, Apply to George Barr, fruiterer, 203, Pitt-st. North.

BURWOOD.—The DUTIES of Miss LESTER'S Establishment will (D.V.) be RESUMED, January 1st. The House is beautifully situated, within fifteen minutes' walk of the Station.

BELVIDERE HOUSE ACADEMY.—Upper William-street, Sydney.—Mr. MASEFIELD has been announced that he has vacated for a few days and has returned. As only a limited number of places is received, such attention can be bestowed upon them individually as must guarantee a satisfactory progress. The course of studies comprises the subjects necessary for a liberal education—Latin and French included.

The highest references can be given; and, if necessary, testimonials can be shown from some of the most influential families in Sydney.

School duties will be resumed on TUESDAY, 21st proximo.

CARLTON HOUSE ACADEMY.—Wynyard-square West.—Mr. SAGGERS'S Pupils will resume duties on 28th January, 1868.

Vacation for resident pupils.

CAMDEN COLLEGE, NEWTOWN, SYDNEY.

MEMBER OF COUNCIL.
Rev. John West, Chairman.
Mr. John Palmer, Treasurer.
Mr. Joseph Mullins, Honorary Secretary.
Mr. Andrew Gurney, M.A., Rev. S. G. Kent.
Mr. Thomas Holt, Rev. R. P. Richardson.
Rev. T. Johnson, Mr. Samuel Thompson.
Rev. J. E. Vetch, B.A.

CAMDEN COLLEGE SCHOOL.
PRINCIPAL OF THE SCHOOL AND RESIDENT CHAPLAIN, Rev. S. G. Kent.
HEAD MASTER.—Mr. George E. Long, M.A.
SECOND MASTER.—Mr. Charles James Fazio.
COMMERCIAL MASTER.—Mr. Charles James Fazio.
French.—Monsieur P. A. Durrie, Sydney University Graduate.—Mr. Alexander Rea.
Instrumental Music.—Mr. Alexander Rea.
Drawing.—Mr. J. Fowler.
Drilling.—Mr. Mulligan.
Vocal Music.—Mr. J. J. Salter, King's College, London.

The object of Camden College School is to provide for young gentlemen a liberal education of unsectarian character. In the Lower School the course of study includes reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammar, and the elements of history, Latin, Greek, and natural science. The Upper School is devoted to the study of the classics, the study of the pupils are directed to the highest attainments for the University, or for their entry into the learned professions; in the other their attention is entirely confined to those branches of knowledge which will fit them for commercial life.

In every case a thorough English education is considered of primary importance, and great care is taken to have the pupils well grounded in their various studies.

TERMS.

(Payable quarterly in advance.)
Resident boarders 13 guineas per quarter.
Day boarders 8 ditto ditto.
Day pupils 4 ditto ditto.

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

For pupils under twelve years of age.
Resident boarders 12 guineas per quarter.
Day boarders 7 ditto ditto.
Day pupils 4 ditto ditto.

GERMAN.

German 2 guineas per quarter.
Drawing 2 ditto ditto.
Instruction 2 ditto ditto.
Washing 1 ditto ditto.
Stall for a horse 1 ditto ditto.

A reduction of 10 per cent. is made in the case of brothers who are resident boarders.

Pupils first entering after the commencement of a quarter pay only in proportion to the remaining time.

A quarter's notice of half a quarter's fee is required before the removal of a pupil.

Vacations.—Christmas, five weeks; Midwinter, four weeks.

Further information can be obtained from the Rev. S. G. KENT, at the College.

EDUCATION.—PADDINGTON-HOUSE SCHOOL.

Point Pitt Road, ROXBOROUGH on January 22. The school is open for boarders. For prospectus of terms, &c., apply to the Principal, Rev. Dr. STANLEY.

EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT for Young Ladies.

Ladies, 6, Bligh-street.—Mrs. COUSINS will be prepared to receive her pupils on the 13th January, 1868. Resident teachers are engaged for accomplishments, and adult pupils received.

M. CORNELL'S Academy.—Darling-street, Balmain.

The duties of this school will be resumed Jan. 6th.

MISS DE METZ receives limited number of Pupils, at 235, Brougham-street, Woolloomooloo.

M. PENNY'S School. 21, Stanley-street, Sydney.

Education of a limited number of boys. The educational course includes the Classics, French, English Grammar and Composition, Geometry, Algebra, Arithmetic, History, Geography, and Elementary Drawing. Work resumed 30th January.

MADAME and FRANCES HIRSHEN'S

COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.

237, Victoria-terrace, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst. Miss HIRSHEN begs to inform her friends and the public, that she also, on the 22nd of January, 1868, to OPEN a SCHOOL.

Her Mother, an experienced teacher, will assist her in superintending the establishment, and will conduct the French department. Madame HIRSHEN has spent many years in France, so that the language is as familiar to her as her own.

Young ladies entering this establishment will thus have the advantage of acquiring both French and German in their native purity, and of learning not merely to translate and write these languages grammatically, but also to converse in them with fluency and ease.

For all other branches of education the best masters have been engaged.

In evidence of her own qualifications as an instructor, Miss HIRSHEN has been honoured with permission to refer to the following ladies:—

Mrs. Bilyard, in whose family she has been governess for five years past.

Mrs. E. Dean Thomson, Mrs. Henry Moore, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Hayden, Mrs. Philip King, Mrs. Hamburgh, Mrs. Verich.

Boarders will be received and treated as members of the family, and everything will be done to promote their health, happiness, and comfort.

TERMS.

Board and instruction in all the branches of a sound English education 15 guineas.

Day pupils 4 ditto ditto.

French 2 ditto ditto.

German 2 ditto ditto.

Italian 2 ditto ditto.

Music 2 ditto ditto.

Finishing lessons 6 ditto ditto.

Staying in a class 4 ditto ditto.

Separately 2 ditto ditto.

Drawing 2 ditto ditto.

Dancing 2 ditto ditto.

A class will be formed for young children, who, besides the usual elements of an English education, will receive daily instruction in French. Terms, four guineas per quarter; including music, six guineas.

Parents wishing to communicate with Miss HIRSHEN will always find her at home after the 1st January, from 2 to 6 o'clock.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—The Trustees have determined that after the commencement of next year the fees for tuition at this school be fixed as follows:—

For the Upper School, that is for the 5th, 6th, and 7th Forms, at £10 per annum, and for the Lower School, at £12 per annum.

W. H. CATTLEY, Secretary.

17th December, 1867.

SCHOOL, WINDSOR.—Mr. HOLE, having taken the school lately conducted by the Rev. C. F. Garvey, begs to inform parents that the work of the School will be resumed at Everton House, on WEDNESDAY, January 14th, 1868.

A Master for French and Drawing will attend.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.—Miss R. LESTER begs to state that the duties of her school will be resumed on THURSDAY next, January 2nd, 1868.

Music by Mr. Anderson; drawing by Mr. Fairhead, 211, Macquarie-street.

SABBATH SCHOOL CLASS REGISTERS. 1868.

ADDISON, 95, Pitt-street, and 136, King-street.

SANDS'S SYDNEY AND SUBURBAN DIRECTORY for 1868.—Eighty year of publication.—Now in course of compilation, and will be published on the 1st of January next, a new edition of the above valuable commercial work, containing a Street, Suburban, Alphabetical, and Trade Directory, together with a vast amount of general information, rendering it invaluable to the business community.

It will also be considerably enlarged, as Ashfield and Burwood will now be included in the suburban portion.

To advertise in it offers peculiar advantages, giving a very large circulation in this and the neighbouring colonies; in addition to which copies are forwarded to the Chambers of Commerce of all the large commercial cities throughout the world, and a copy is also placed for the information of passengers on board every sailing steamer trading to Port Jackson.

Special attention will also be drawn to the "Trade Directory" to advertisements inserted in the work.

Information will be collected and advertisements received by Mr. GEORGE FIFE, Junr.

JOHN SANDS, Publisher, George-street.

SYDNEY LADIES' COLLEGE.—corner of Bent and Macquarie streets.—Superintendent by Miss FLOWER.

Mr. E. MASTERS, for two years Assistant to Dr. Stanley, daily morning English Tutor.

Teachers: 1. a French Tutor.

Music and singing by professors chosen by the parents.

Dancing by Madame BASHOFFER DAVIS.

By Mr. MEADS.

RANDWICK COLLEGE.—The new school ready.

Apply to the principal, Mr. SHERIDAN MOORE.

MIS-DEAL, or REVOKING THE NEW STAMP ACT.

See PUNCH TO-DAY.

PUNCH'S CHRISTMAS LEADER.

See TO-DAY'S PUNCH.

PUNCH'S BOXING-DAY EXPERIENCES.

TO-DAY'S PUNCH.

TWAS A PENNYWORTH, WAS NOT?

See TO-DAY'S PUNCH.

THE AUSTRALIAN HOUSE NEWCASTLE.

See PUNCH, THIS DAY.

No. 188, Vol. 8, of SYDNEY PUNCH will be published.

THIS DAY, Saturday, December 28.

Published Office, 281, George-street.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED

PRICE ONE SHILLING

CHRISTMAS STORIES,

a series of original Australian

Complete in one number,

Comprising fifty pages of glossy printed matter, and

entitled

THE "FIRST FLASH,"

FOUR GARS AND A GOSWAIN.

Where they went—How they went—And why they went;

with the story they told last Christmas Eve.

BY ONE OF THE CREW.

CONTENTS:

The Two Fishes—The Third Our Story—

How we went—A Terrible Midnight Adventure—

How we went—The Coxswain's Story—

The Coxswain's Story—The Happy Conclusion of it

all.

Introduction—Why we went—The Two Fishes—

How we went—A Terrible Midnight Adventure—

How we went—The Coxswain's Story—

The Coxswain's Story—The Happy Conclusion of it

all.

To be had of the publishers,

GORDON and GOTCH,

251, George-street, Sydney,

and all booksellers.

THE CHEAP CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

25, Hunter-street. Subscriptions (in advance):

One book at the time 1s 6d 3s 10s

Two books at the time 2s 6d 6s 21s

Three books at the time 3s 6d 9s 21s

Selection upwards of 1000 novels.

STOCK AND STATION AGENTS should advertise in

the Western Post and Mercury, and in the Sydney

Advertiser, for the latest and most complete

information of the various branches of the

business of the Colony, and their dis-

tributions received by E. Greville, A. Galt, and

Gordon and Gotch.

THE SYDNEY MAIL ALMANAC

for 1868.

Containing

Parliamentary and Official Information.

Law Calendar—Assizes, Quarter Sessions, and District

Courts.

Astronomical Calendar.

Table of the principal Roads in the Colony, and their dis-

tributions received by E. Greville, A. Galt, and

Gordon and Gotch.

PRICE THREEPENCE.

To be had of the publishers,

GORDON and GOTCH,

251, George-street, Sydney,

and all booksellers.

THE SYDNEY MAIL.

Notice to the Advertising Public.

In order to increase the facilities for advertising in this

the largest circulating journal in New South Wales, we

to state that we have been appointed Advertising Agents for

Sydney, Melbourne, and London.

All advertisements received by us will meet with prompt

attention, and be charged at the same rate as those sent

direct to the publishers.

JOHN SANDS, Agent for Sydney.

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JOHN SANDS, Agent for Sydney.

O LET, two HOUSES, at 15s and 20s per week, Apply C. B. Midson, South Head Road.

O LET, with immediate possession, 785, George-street South, next Commerce Hall, lately occupied by Mr. Midson, greaser, to whom apply on the premises; or John Chee, Phoenix Wharf.

O LET, in Nelson-street, Woolahra, a delightfully situated COTTAGE, six rooms, kitchen, and servant's room.

Q L E T, at Petersham, a Villa RESIDENCE, with garden, and about 30 acres of land, a few minutes' ride from the Railway Station and 'bus stand. Apply Bathurst-street.

Q L E T, in one of the most healthy suburbs, a good Family RESIDENCE of 8 rooms—water laid on and a large garden. Convenient distance from the city. Apply to H. NEWMAN, house agent, &c., Row's Chambers, 210, -street.

Q L E T, TAIYUAN, Gordon's Bay, George, water frontage extensive and beautiful grounds, with

abundant supply of spring water, first-class Residences, with
 y convenience Apply to John Thompson, Denison
 george-street, Sydney.

O L E T, CRAIGNATHAN, that beautiful marine
 residence, lately occupied by Lady Mitchell; contains
 rooms, leafless serraeny apartment; has deep water
 slays, large garden, and extensive paddocks. W. P.
 elect, City-chambers.

O L E T, the FAIRY DOWNS HOTEL. Nearly
 Beach, now in full swing, replete with everything
 necessary, to be disposed of positively a bargain, the greatest
 extent of purchase money to remain on mortgage, if de-
 sired. Mr. ALBERT, 100, Market-street.

TO BE LET or SOLD, the HOUSE and Grounds at Ferry Hunter's Hill. The house is large, the rooms and well ventilated; the garden adjoins the road to it; and there is an unlimited supply of pure water for the premises. A purchaser will be treated with the most favorable terms. Apply at the FINEST WAIST.	On Bridg- of C. On Lanc- At below
TO LET, TAKA, Ocean-view, Woodlark, the resi- dence of the late J. V. Gurney, Esq. Possession to be had after the first of the year. Apply to Mr. J. W. Morris, Gorman and Miller, 153 Pitt-street, or Messrs. Ellis and Makinson, solicitors, 93, Elizabeth- street.	near On street HALL On Dose \$4 75

O LET, from 1st January next, No. 67, Covey's buildings, Market street, at present occupied by Fraser, grocer. This offers a good opportunity to persons wishing to enter into the grocery business, as premises have been occupied as such for the last three years. Apply to Mr. Covey, Darling Point.

OLET, a delightfully situated **COTTAGE**, in Avenue-street, Randwick, occupied for the past four years by M. Hill, Esq., containing 8 rooms (bathrooms, kitchen, dry, and servant's room, with stable, coach-house, and kitchen garden, pumps and plenty of good water. Apply to J. B. Allpress, commission agent, 10, George-street West.

TO BE LET or SOLD, **CARENSING VILLA**, situated at Caronsing Cove, adjoining Allonsa's estate, North Shore. The house contains eight rooms, excellent offices, and water on the premises; the lease, &c., are of about an acre in extent, and are set with excellent fruit trees. The distance is an easy

O LET, those commodious houses PREMISES at Mossman's Bay, North Shore, lately occupied by Messrs. Whitbread and Co. It comprises a six-roomed house, four-roomed cottage, large stables and 14, substantial sheds, pigsties, &c. and splendid wharf. Also a large garden, and a well-stocked dairy. The PREMISES of eleven rooms, with laundry, coach-house and stable, &c., surrounded by large grounds and paddocks, to be let separately or not. The above premises are well adapted for woolwashing and fulling, or as a manufactory, and worthy attention. For particulars apply to Henry Bell, Wynyard-square.

O L E T, or for SALE, that beautifully situated MARINE VILLA, the residence of T. S. Glaister, on the grounds, containing 1/2 acre, tastefully laid out and planted with fruit trees, grape vines, &c.; bounded on three sides by streets, on the fourth by deep water; view unobscured; plenty of water; only two minutes' walk from ferry, Mifflin's Point, North Shore. Apply on the premises, or to T. S. Glaister, 233, Pitt-street, Sydney.

O L E T, for a term of years, the LAND, forty (40) acres, with frontage of the whole of the bay, immediately on the northern side of Edwards's landing wharf, BALMORAL, Middle Harbour; admirably suited for a pleasure marine retreat, or for public purposes grounds, &c.

HOUSE FIRST CLASS BUSINESS PREMISES, consisting of shop and dwelling, situated in Georgetown, at present occupied by Mr. Downing (late Sheriff Downing), and for the last 25 years a book-store and stationer's. These premises have lately undergone extensive and expensive alterations, making the shop, room and adjoining departments complete. W. P. Woolcott, Proprietor.

to above-named Well-known Bonded and Free Stores,
lots in Widdell-street, Darling Harbour, will be LET
for a period of TWO YEARS (if longer period be desired) on
the most reasonable terms. They are now ready to receive
cargoes to the extent of
EIGHT THOUSAND TONS
bonded and free goods, with accommodation for storage
on the wharf for
FIVE THOUSAND TONS OF COAL,
and
ONE MILLION FEET OF TIMBER,
without impeding in the slightest degree the work of the
wharf, at which FIVE SHIPS can lay at the same time
to discharge their cargoes, in from

THESE ARE TWENTY-SIX FEET OF WAREHOUSE
the entire property, covering an area of
TWO AND A QUARTER ACRES,
securely enclosed, thereby affording protection to cargoes
charged upon the Wharf or stored in the Bonded and
Stores. As a wharf and premises for the
ACCOMMODATION OF OCEAN STEAMERS,
unsurpassed by any in the Port of Sydney.
The GENERAL MANAGER OF PRIVATE DOCKS
fitted up with every convenience for carrying on the
extensive mercantile business.
Cargoes and goods of all descriptions will be taken at very
reasonable rates of store rent.
Arrangements for the SALE of this fine property, on

to be made on application to **JOHN MACNAMARA.**
3 Title under Torrens' Act.
 Macnamara's Wharf, 11th October.

VICTORIA TERRACE, DARLINGHURST.—One of those large Family RESIDENCES to be LET, at present occupied by L. BRODZICK, Esq., who is removing to Hobart. For particulars apply to Mr. Brodzick; or Mr. George Neill, Victoria-street; or at Mona.

WORKING-MEN'S HOUSES, 7a week. Balmoraleuc, Castlereagh-st., four doors from Liverpool-st.

THE SYDNEY MAIL OF TO-DAY.
contains:
Articles of Sir John Young—Leaves—Presentation of
Address—Euloriation—Swearing-in of Sir Trevor
Chute as Administrator of the Government
ture on Abyssinia by Captain Speedy
Supreme Court Decisions, No. 24
Volunteers—Complimentary Picnic to the Victoria
Team—The Championship—Intercolonial B.B.E.
Match
Protective Wisdom of New South Wales
ing-Day Amusements
al Accident near Nobby's, Newcastle


al Affairs in England
 in's Letter on Continental Affairs
 Mental Cycles in Calcutta
 Fate of Dr. Livingstone
 Fairy Palace, by Peter Possum
 Lead—Causes and Treatment of Grass Staggers in
 Horses—Curiosity of Grafting—Uses of the Gladiolus—
 Warm News—The Meant Question in England
 Merks on the Game of Croquet
 Miscellaneous
 Mythical Scrape at an Execution at Managasta
 Accomplished Forger of Old Manuscripts
 Form in the Prison System in Russia
 Local Ditties

er the Bluff
 ry—Thoughts by the Sea-side—The Canary
 Church—Share List—Sydney Markets—Donnellana
 Stock Report
 Shipping Gazette—Voicels in Harbour.

WEDNESDAY MORNING **Herald**
 Subscription—£4 per annum; if sent through the
 Office, £4 10s. per annum.

CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Two lines, and under.....	One shilling.
Four lines, ditto.....	Two shillings.
Six lines, ditto.....	Three shillings.
Eight lines, ditto.....	Four shillings.

32. (three pence) per line for every additional line for each insertion.
 * All advertisements under six lines will be charged to advertiser's account, if booked.
 33. Births, Deaths, and Marriages, 3s. each insertion.
 B.—Advertisers in the country can remit payment by Order or Postage Stamp.  Postmaster Stamp NOT to be accepted.

KY:—Printed and Published by JOHN FAIRBANK and SONS, at the Office of the *Sydney Morning Herald*, Pitt and Hunter Streets, Saturday, December 28, 1867.

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